



**Public Meeting/
Open House
February 10, 2014**

**PROJECT NH 014B(04)418 PCN 035U
Brookings County**

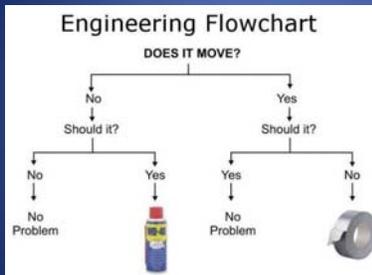
**US 14B From the West Jct of US14 to the East Jct of
US14**

Mill & AC Resurfacing, Widening for turn lanes

The South Dakota Department of Transportation provides services without regard to race, color, gender, religion, national origin, age or disability, according to the provisions contained in SDCL 20-13, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, the Americans With Disabilities Act of 1990 and Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, 1994.

Any person who has questions concerning this policy or who believes they have been discriminated against should contact the Department's Civil Rights Office at 605-773-3540.

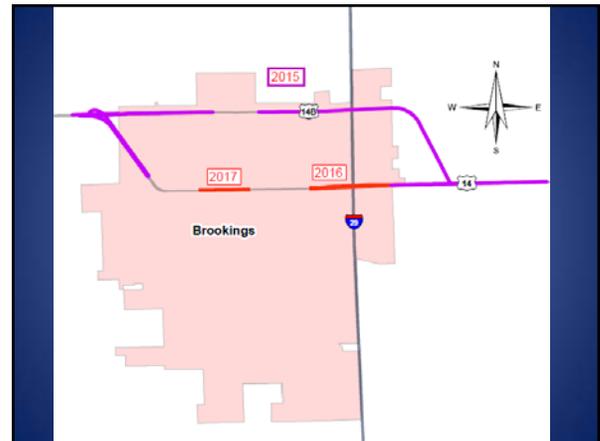
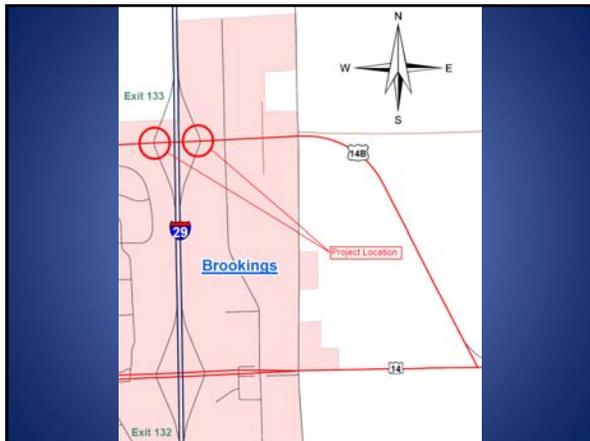
I-29 Exit 133 - Brookings



Mark Malone, PE
SD DOT

Why are we here?

- To discuss Exit 133 in Brookings
- To involve public in the design process
- Exchange ideas – listen and discuss concerns



Project Construction

- Construction to begin in 2015
 - Pending Funding & Scheduling
 - 1 construction season



Traffic During Construction

- Area/Region Offices currently reviewing options

- Maintain Two Lanes
- Reduce to 1 lane with pilot car
- Access to businesses will be maintained



Existing Conditions at the Interchange

- 2 – 12' Traffic Lanes
- Bridge Width = 28'
- Interchange Lighting – not present
- Average Daily Traffic (ADT) – 4,840
 - 20 year projected ADT – 5,590



SDDOT Intersection Review



Traffic



Crashes



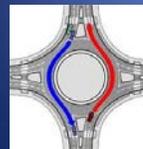
Costs

Evaluate Alternatives



Interchange Intersection Analysis

- Existing 2 way stop controlled
 - Would warrant left turn lanes
- Traffic Signals
 - Would be necessary during US14 construction (Exit 132) in 2016



- Roundabout
 - Eliminates the need for temporary signals
 - Eliminates the need for left turn lanes
 - Promotes the installation of Interchange Lighting

Turn Lane Problem



Bridge Too Narrow

- Good Condition - 30+ years life left
- \$1.4 Million to widen
- \$1.7 Million to replace



- \$0 to keep existing structure
 - Roundabouts eliminate need for turn lanes

Crash Data 2005-2012

- 12 crashes
 - 2 Injury
 - 1 Fatality



- 4 rear ends

- 6 vehicles pulled in front of another vehicle



Temporary Signals - \$100,000
Roadway widening- \$160,000
Bridge Replacement - \$1.7 Million
Total - \$1.96 Million

2 Roundabouts - \$1.02 Million

Proposed Interchange Layout

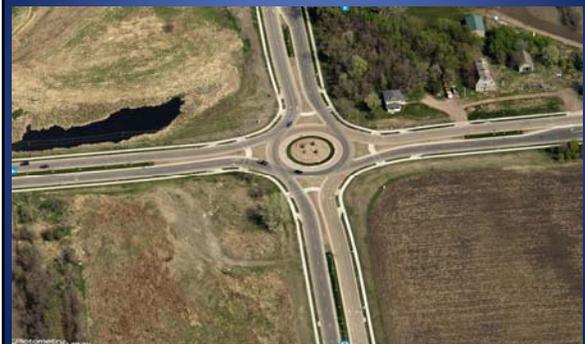


Roundabouts, New Concept?

- NOT REALLY
 - UK has an estimated 25,000
 - France has more than 30,000
 - USA – Currently there are about 3,500 in operation
- Brookings has one
- Sioux Falls has two



Sioux Falls 69th St & Southeastern Ave



Sioux Falls

Career Ave at University Center

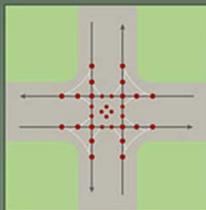


Roundabout Safety Facts

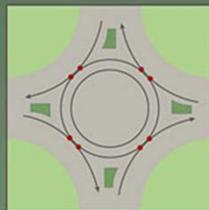
- According to Federal Highway Administration Intersection Statistics
 - 90% reduction in fatalities
 - 76% reduction in injuries
 - 35% reduction in all crashes
- Single Lane Roundabouts are the safest at-grade intersection possible



With roundabouts, head-on and high-speed right angle collisions are virtually eliminated.



[Traditional intersection]



[Roundabout]

● Potential vehicle conflict point

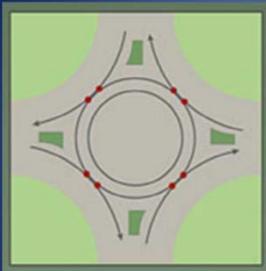
32 CONFLICT POINTS

8 CONFLICT POINTS

Potential:
High Speed Angle
Crashes



Rear End

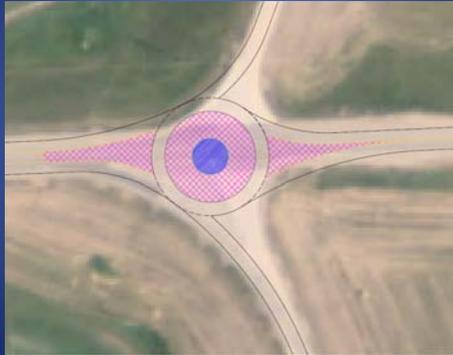


Sideswipe

Crash Analysis – Sioux Falls Roundabouts

- Career Avenue University Center Roundabout
 - Opened in November 2008
 - 2,800 vehicles are entering daily
 - 1 crash to date (motorcycle slipped on gravel)
- 69th Street and Southeastern Avenue Roundabout
 - Opened in August 2011
 - 4,200 vehicles are entering daily
 - 1 crash to date (alcohol involved)

Roundabout Layout



Insurance Institute for Highway Safety

USE BATHROOM	0	EAT	21
WASH	13	LOS ANGELES	3
THEIR BELT	12	THEIR PANTS	16
950	3	900	19
DECEMBER	4	TOTAL	118

- Reasons cited for concern:
 - Fear of the unknown
 - Safety concerns
 - Confusion on how to maneuver

- Before Construction
 - 31% in favor
 - 41% strongly oppose
- After Construction
 - 63% in favor
 - 15% strongly opposed



Sisseton

- Proposed Roundabouts in March 2013



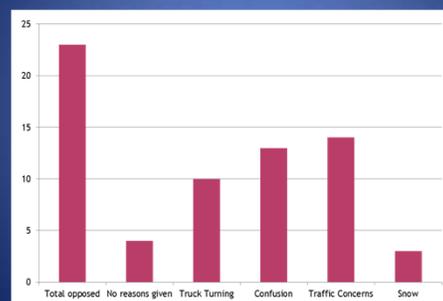
Meeting Feedback



Concerns Regarding Roundabouts

Why are folks opposed to Roundabouts?

-Most gave multiple reasons



Traffic Concerns

- Roundabouts can handle much more traffic than what is projected
 - 1200 cars per hour
 - 2034 Projected counts at Exit 133 are about 950 in the PM peak hour
- Traffic Engineering is a science and an art
 - Our experts have performed analysis and models for the interchange
 - As traffic increases, the advantages of the roundabout increase

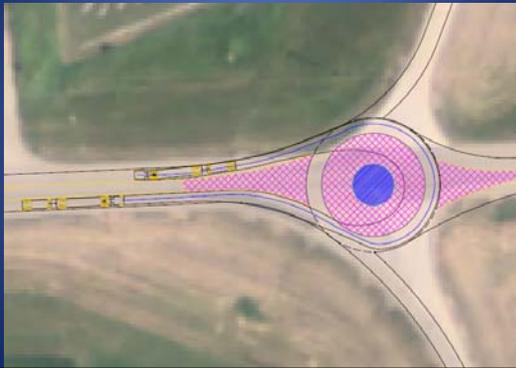
Driver "UN" familiarity

- SDDOT follow up meetings
 - There are opportunities for outreach meetings for education on roundabouts
 - More folks are becoming familiar



- Provide comments if this is desired for your community

Truck Turning Tracks



Truck Concerns - Video

Kligerman, Thomas

Roundabout at NY
29&40, Greenwich, NY
Eastbound Modular
Home Turning Left
Recorded August 27,
2004

How many vehicles do you see go through the intersection while the mobile home is going through?

Kligerman, Thomas

Roundabout at NY
29&40, Greenwich, NY
Eastbound Modular
Home Turning Left
Recorded August 27,
2004

➤ Website (project information)

- http://sddot.com/dot/publicmeetings/pubmeet_us14BBrkgs.aspx

➤ Written Comments Due Mon. Feb 24, 2013

- Mail - 700 E Broadway Ave Pierre, SD 57501
- Email - mark.malone@state.sd.us
- Here - Now



Environmental, Social & Economic Impacts

and

Advanced Utility Coordination

Environmental, Social & Economic Impacts

- Project will comply with all state and federal environmental regulations
- Project will be coordinated with the following state and federal agencies:
 - SD Dept. of Environment & Natural Resources
 - SD Dept. of Game, Fish & Parks
 - US Fish & Wildlife Service
 - State Historic Preservation Office
 - No splitting of neighborhoods will occur as a result of this project

- For additional information, please contact :

Terry Keller, Engineer Supervisor
SDDOT Project Development Office
700 E. Broadway Ave.
Pierre SD 57501

Phone: 773-3721 E-Mail: Terry.Keller@state.sd.us

Advanced Utility Coordination

- Highway projects may require adjustments or relocation of existing utilities located along or crossing the highway project. The SDDOT has an "Advanced Utility Coordinating Process" in place that addresses all existing utility involvement. This process involves meeting with the utility owner and project designers to **review** any conflicts and determine the most cost effective option of changing the design to avoid the existing utility or adjusting the utility. If the utility is required to relocate, all replacement utility easement acquisition and relocation work will be addressed and coordinated between the landowner and the utility company.

- For additional information please contact:

Dave Hausmann, Utility Coordinator
SDDOT Project Development Office
700 E. Broadway Ave.
Pierre, SD 57501

Phone 605-773-6593; E-Mail: Dave.Hausmann@state.sd.us



Wetland Mitigation Registry Form

Federal regulations require that unavoidable wetland impacts caused by highway construction be mitigated. Wetland mitigations may be from 1) wetland creation – typically, at a borrow pit; 2) wetland restoration – plugging an existing, drained wetland; or, 3) by small dam construction.

The South Dakota Department of Transportation (SDDOT) may participate in the cost of wetland creation/restoration, if the wetland can be used to mitigate wetland impacts caused by highway construction.

If you are interested in creating or restoring wetlands on your property, please complete the attached form and mail to: Terry Keller, Engineering Supervisor SDDOT, and 700 E. Broadway Ave., Pierre, SD 57501. Your name will be added to the SDDOT Wetland Mitigation Registry and a SDDOT representative will contact you with additional information.

Yes, I am interested in assisting the SDDOT to mitigate wetland impacts by creating or restoring wetlands on my property.

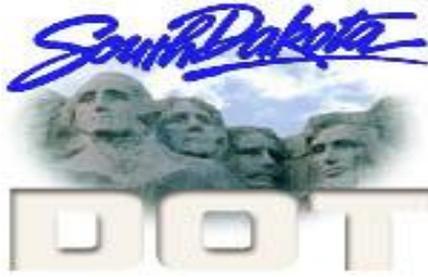
Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone #: _____

Legal Description of property: _____ **1/4 of Section** _____
Township _____, **Range** _____, **County** _____

Please note: Completion of this form does not commit either you or the SDDOT to a mitigation project. It is a statement of intent only.



Right of Way Information

Individual Landowner Meetings: During the early stages of the project's design, SDDOT will schedule a meeting with individual landowners having property adjacent to the project. See the following page for an explanation of the landowner meeting.

Property Acquisition Offer: After the project construction plans have been prepared and the right of way limits have been established, you will be contacted by an appraiser or negotiations agent to visit with you for that portion of your property that is needed for construction of the project. Your property will be valued and a written offer presented to you by a negotiating agent who will contact you for an appointment to make the written offer.

Relocation Assistance Program: This program provides a variety of services and payments to owners and tenants who have personal property affected by the right of way being acquired for the project.

Relocation payments are in addition to payments made for the real property being acquired. To preserve your eligibility for payments, do not move property until you have received a written relocation offer or have contacted Andrew J. 'Andy' Jackson of the SDDOT Right of Way Program in Rapid City. His phone number is 605-394-1626. Anyone not satisfied with the relocation offer made to them may appeal using the procedures described in the Relocation Brochure.

The landowner may be reimbursed for various fair and reasonable incidental expenses that may be incurred during the transfer of property to the State depending on impacts to personal property and qualifications.

Right of Way Information Brochures: Two brochures have been prepared which explain the SDDOT's Right of Way process. They provide information on your rights regarding the acquisition of your property and the benefits available to you with regard to the Relocation Assistance Program. These brochures are available at this meeting on the "Sign-in" table. Please feel free to take a copy of each with you.



Individual Landowner Meetings

The purpose of this meeting is to provide you with an opportunity to comment on various issues pertaining to the design of this highway project as it relates to your property.

The following topics will be discussed at the meetings. Please note that not all topics will apply to every property owner.

1. Permanent purchase and/or temporary use of your property.
2. Locations and widths of entrances to your property: The standard South Dakota Department of Transportation (SDDOT) entrance-width for rural highways is 24 feet. Note: In general, existing entrance widths along rural State Highways are 24 feet or smaller. A maximum width of 40 feet is allowed at locations where it is deemed appropriate and necessary. Entrances in urban areas can vary from 16 feet to 40 feet.

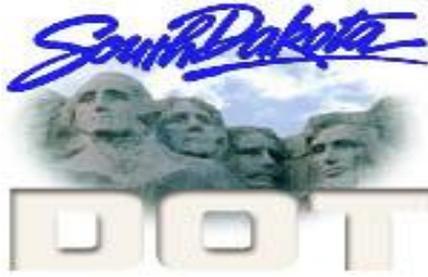
The goal of the SDDOT is to provide property owners located adjacent to the project with the access they need, and at the same time, enhance highway safety and reduce project costs. In some instances, the SDDOT may seek to combine duplicate entrances. For example, if your property has two or three entrances to the same property that are located close to each other, we would ask you to assess your current entrance needs and consider one entrance location that will meet those needs.

3. Permanent fencing adjacent to the highway: SDDOT's fencing policy allows for the replacement of all disturbed fence with like-kind fence.

Two fence types are typically installed: **Type 2:** 4-strand barbed wire with 8-inch wire spacing, and **Type 6:** 32-inch woven wire with 1 strand of barbed wire on the bottom and 2 strands of barbed wire on the top. Page 12 of the "Better Roads Brochure" contains added discussion of your permanent fencing options. This brochure will be available at the meeting.

4. Temporary fencing adjacent to the highway: Do you anticipate having livestock in pastures located adjacent to the proposed project during highway construction activities?
5. Are you aware of any waterlines, drainfields, septic tanks, underground storage tanks, underground power lines, etc. that are located adjacent to the project and may be impacted by construction activities?
6. Are there any highway-related drainage or flooding problems located along your property or elsewhere along this section of highway?
7. Possible sites for gravel and additional fill material: Are you aware of potential material available for construction that might be located adjacent to the highway?
8. Temporary access during construction activities.

Please review your property and be prepared to discuss the above issues, as well as any other issues that you feel are unique to your property. No offers to acquire property will be made at these meetings since revisions to the plans may occur from your input.



Access Management

South Dakota's Commitment to Safety and Smart Investment Decisions In Transportation

What is Access Management?

Access Management is the process of providing highway entrances only at locations where they can be provided safely and efficiently.

Consider that each access point added to an undivided highway in an urban or suburban area increases the annual accident rate by 11 to 18 percent on that highway segment. In rural areas, each added access point increases the annual accident rate by 7 percent. Overall, driveway-access accidents alone cost South Dakota approximately \$36.5 million each year.

Each additional access point also contributes to congestion. The more driveways on a street the more places where people are slowing, changing lanes and turning. A five-lane street can quickly become a parking lot when there are many driveways in each block. When that happens, our valuable transportation investments are wasted and access to adjacent businesses is restricted.

Controlled access facilities are segments of highway where either no access or only limited access to the highway is allowed. Interstate highways are an example of controlled access facilities where no access to the highway is allowed.

Good access depends on the following:

- Limiting the number of conflict points (places where there is a potential for crashes)
- Separating conflict areas
- Reducing interference with through traffic
- Providing good on-site circulation and storage
- Properly spaced traffic signals

How does Access Management affect businesses?

Studies have shown that access management can provide three benefits to businesses adjacent to highways:

- Making sure that drivers can get in and out of businesses without being blocked by other traffic
- Making the highway more attractive by reducing congestion
- Extending the business' effective service area by reducing travel times

These benefits come not from having many driveways, but by having well-planned, well-located, high-capacity access points on the highway.

Even skeptical business owners have found that proper access management results in an improved business climate, as customers can easily get in and out of their business establishment.

For more information on Access Management, contact:

Brooke White, SDDOT Access Management Engineer, 5316 W. 60th St. Sioux Falls, SD 57107
Phone: 605-367-4970 Ext. 2114; E-Mail: Brooke.White@state.sd.us

